

Centroid

Segment
connecting vertex
to midpoint of
opposite side

Orthocenter

Segment
connecting vertex
to opposite side at
a 90 degree angle
(perpendicular)

Circumcenter

Segment that
passes through
midpoint of a side
and is perpendicular
to that side

Incenter

Segment that
divides a vertex
angle into two
congruent angles

Median

**Point of
Concurrency
of Medians**

Altitude

**Point of
Concurrency
of Altitudes**

**Perpendicular
Bisector**

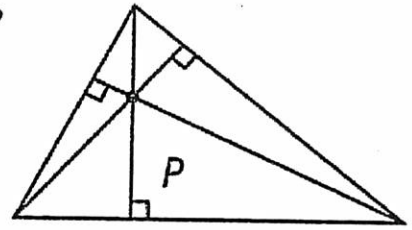
**Point of
Concurrency of
Perpendicular
Bisectors**

**Angle
Bisector**

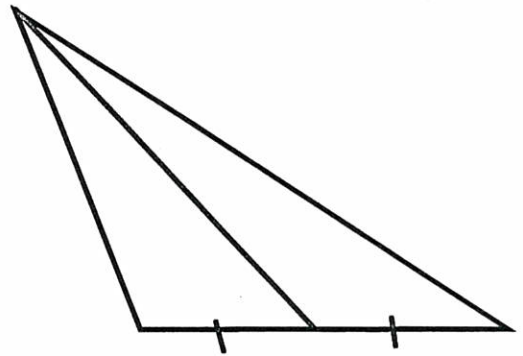
**Point of
Concurrency of
Angle Bisectors**

Midsegment

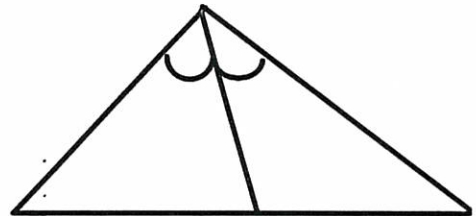
Point P



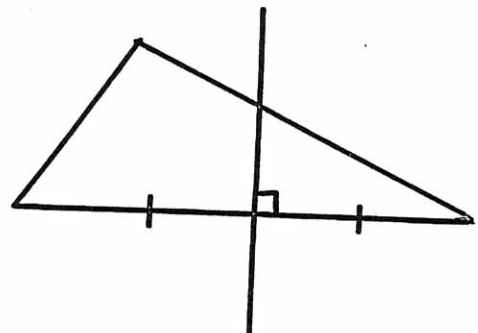
Centroid



Incenter



Circumcenter



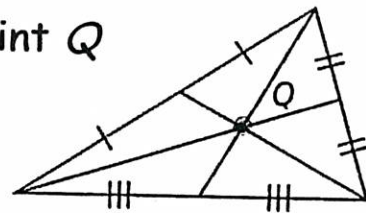
Orthocenter

Segment that joins the midpoints of two sides of a triangle.

Midsegment is $\frac{1}{2}$ the length of the opposite side and is parallel

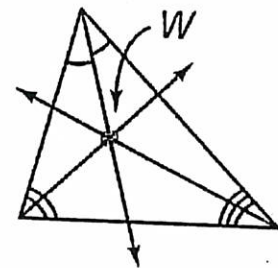
Median

Point Q



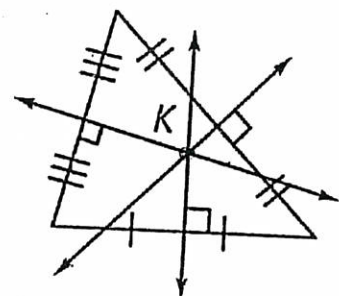
Angle Bisector

Point W



Perpendicular Bisector

Point K



Altitude

Altitude

Altitude

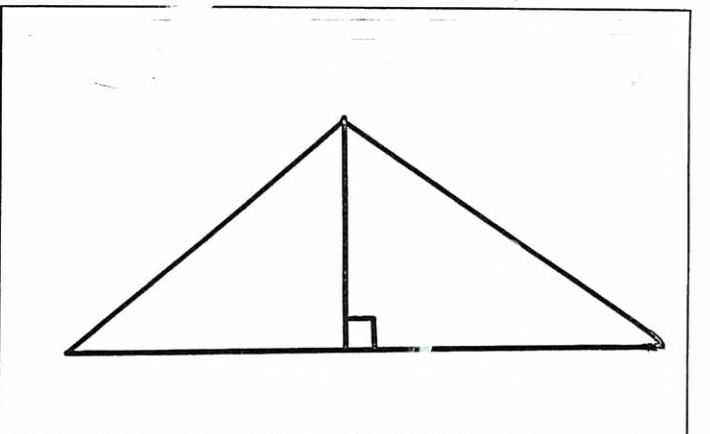
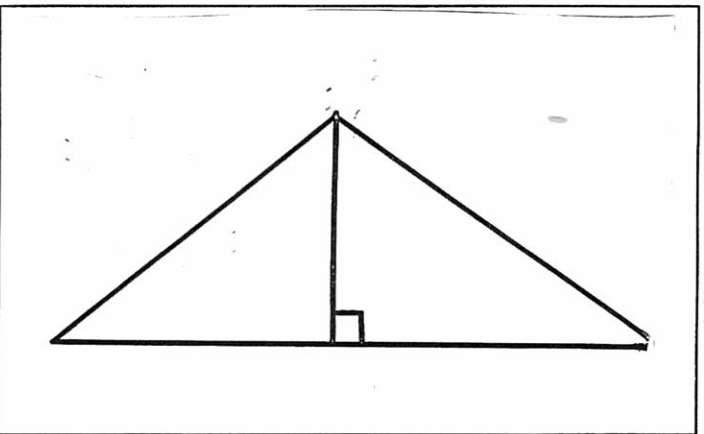
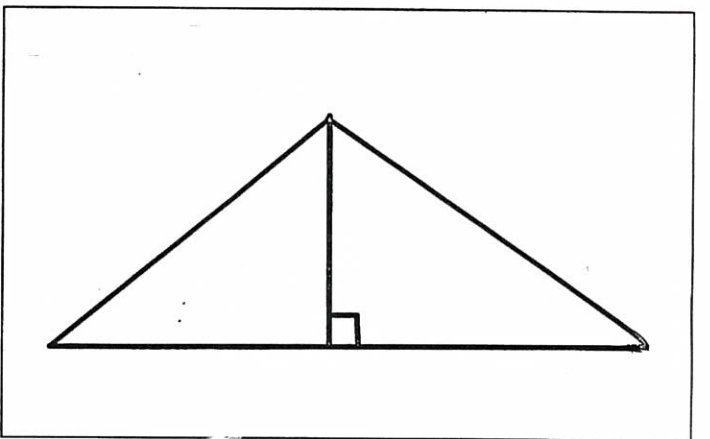
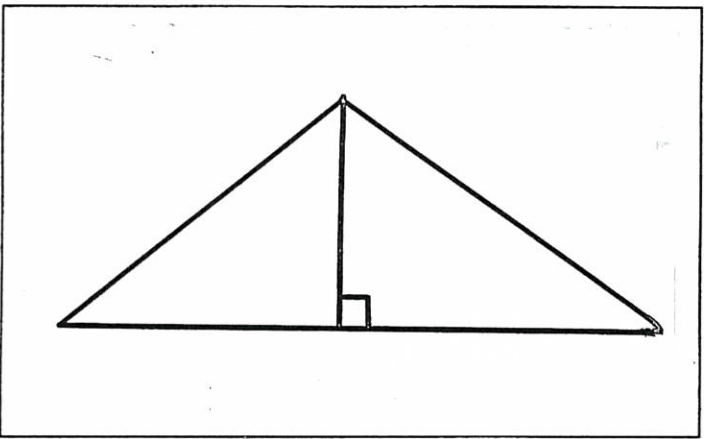
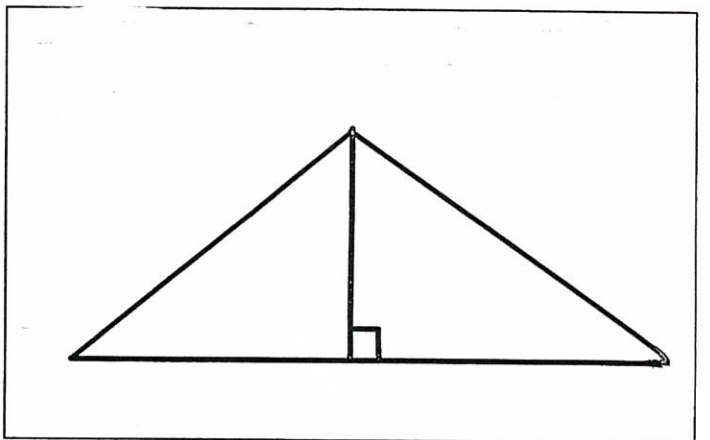
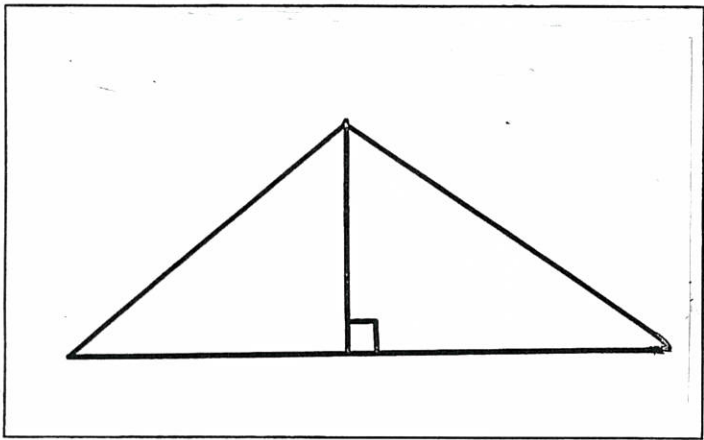
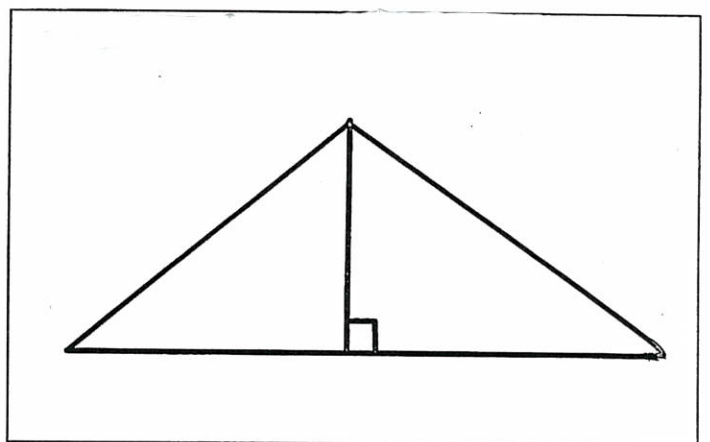
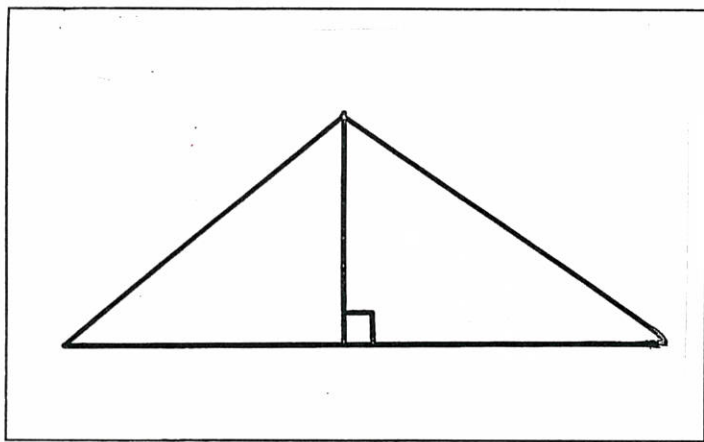
Altitude

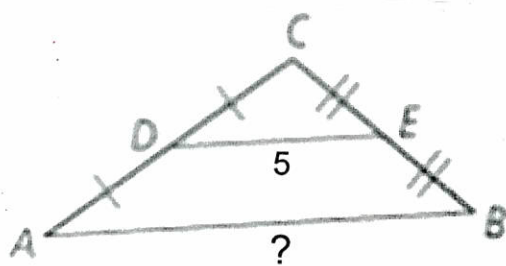
Altitude

Altitude

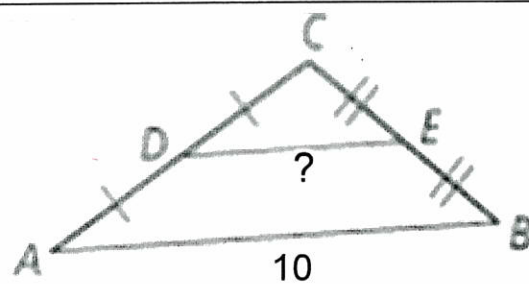
Altitude

Altitude

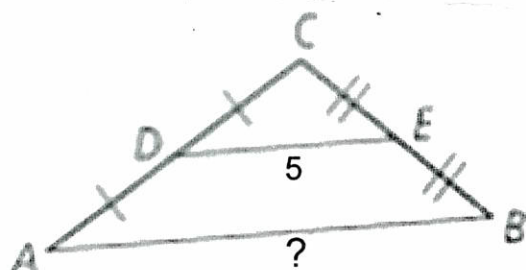




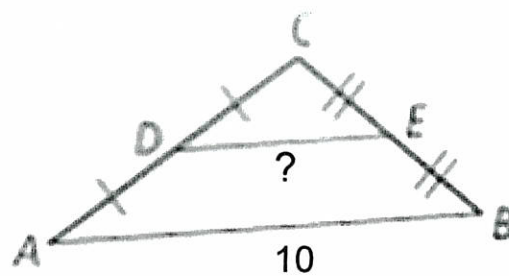
Find \overline{AB}



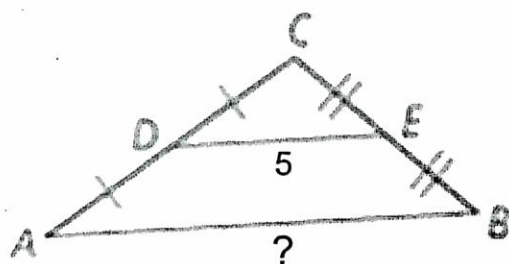
Find \overline{DE}



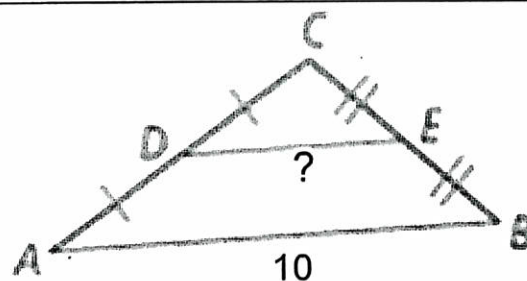
Find \overline{AB}



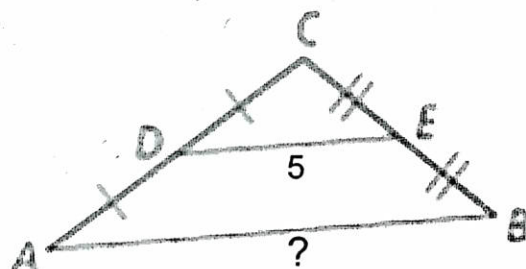
Find \overline{DE}



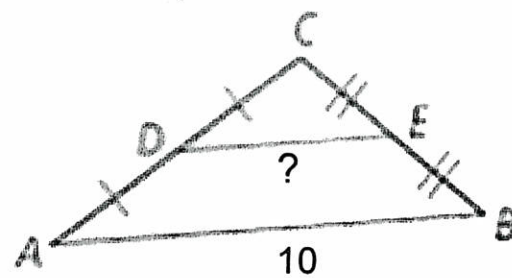
Find \overline{AB}



Find \overline{DE}



Find \overline{AB}



Find \overline{DE}

5

10

5

10

5

10

5

10